2	CHAPTE	R 815. UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE
3 4 5	REGISTE	D RULES WITH PREAMBLE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE TEXAS R. THIS DOCUMENT WILL HAVE NO SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES BUT IS TO FORMATTING CHANGES AS REQUIRED BY THE TEXAS REGISTER.
6		
7		Workforce Commission (TWC) adopts amendments to the following sections of
8 9		5, relating to Unemployment Insurance, <i>without</i> changes, as published in the July 31, of the <i>Texas Register</i> (45 TexReg 5325):
0	2020, 188uc	of the Texas Register (45 Texaceg 5525).
1	Subcha	pter A. General Provisions, §815.1
2		pter B. Benefits, Claims and Appeals, §815.12
3		pter F. Extended Benefits, §§815.170 - 815.172, 815.174
4		
5	TWC adop	ts the repeal of the following sections of Chapter 815, relating to Unemployment
6	Insurance,	without changes, as published in the July 31, 2020, issue of the Texas Register (45
7	TexReg 53	25):
8		
9		pter B. Benefits, Claims, and Appeals, §815.29
20	Subcha	pter F. Extended Benefits, §815.173
21	TWC - 1	4- the fellowing growth harden to Charten 015 mileting to Herman Learning Language
22		ts the following new subchapter to Chapter 815, relating to Unemployment Insurance,
.5 24		anges, as published in the July 31, 2020, issue of the <i>Texas Register</i> (45 TexReg 5325) rection of error notice regarding new §815.181, as published in the August 14, 2020,
. 4 25		e Texas Register (45 TexReg 5694):
26	issue of the	Texus Register (45 Texteg 5074).
27	Subcha	pter G. CARES Act Provisions, §§815.180 - 815.185
28	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	r
9	PART I.	PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY
0	PART II.	EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS WITH COMMENTS AND
1		RESPONSES
32		
3		PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY
4		se of the Chapter 815 rule change is to address the requirements of the Emergency
5		ment Insurance Stabilization and Access Act of 2020 (EUISAA), the Coronavirus Aid,
6		Economic Security Act (CARES Act), as well as to exercise the authority bestowed
7	upon the A	gency by Texas Labor Code §209.025.
8	Fodoral Fu	nding Under EUICCA
9 -0	reuerai ru	nding Under EUISSA
1	On March	18, 2020, Congress enacted EUISAA, which provides states with emergency funding
2		he administration of their unemployment compensation (UC) programs. The purpose
3	-	ants is to assist states with the unprecedented claim volumes associated with COVID-
4	19.	and the second state of th
5		

These grants are allocated into two separate allotments, Allotment I and II. Under EUISAA §4105, if a state meets the requirements of and obtains both Allotment I and II, the federal government will pay 100 percent of any Extended Benefits (EB), beginning on March 18, 2020 until December 31, 2020.

1 2

One of the requirements of Allotment I under EUISAA §4102(a) is that "the State requires employers to provide notification of the availability of unemployment compensation to employees at the time of separation from employment." The US Department of Labor has stated that this notice must be made individually to the separated employee.

 The Agency has the authority under Texas Labor Code §208.001(b) to require this individual notice. Texas Labor Code §208.001(b) provides that "The commission shall supply, without cost to each employer, printed notices that provide general information about filing a claim for unemployment benefits. Each employer shall post and maintain the notices in places accessible to the individuals in the employ of the employer." To clarify how this notice must be provided, the Agency's three-member Commission (Commission) has determined it prudent to amend Agency rules to define "places accessible" to include general notice in the workplace and an individual notice upon separation.

Texas Labor Code §209.025 provides that "Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, the commission by rule may adjust the extended benefit eligibility period as necessary to maximize the receipt of any fully funded federal extended unemployment benefits, if full federal funding for those benefits is available."

Currently, Texas Labor Code Chapter 209 provides for an Insured Unemployment Rate (IUR) trigger for EB, with benefit eligibility lasting a maximum of 13 weeks. Federal law, however, provides for an alternate trigger, the Total Unemployment Rate (TUR) trigger. The TUR trigger also provides that in periods of high unemployment, an additional seven weeks of EB benefit eligibility is available.

In order to maximize the receipt of fully funded federal EB anticipated by Texas Labor Code §209.025, the Agency must implement the optional TUR trigger with the high unemployment rate period. To ensure that the Agency maximizes the federal funding, a provision is being added to allow for additional weeks of benefit eligibility, in excess of the current seven, if provided for by federal law. Other provisions addressing coordination of benefit programs and the treatment of certain governmental and tribal employers are also addressed.

Without the clarifying emergency rules in place, as currently promulgated, Chapter 815 Subchapter F is explicitly tied to the Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010 (P.L. 111 - 312). Subchapter F is amended to be generally applicable and effective when full federal funding exists.

Federal Extended Benefit Programs

On March 27, 2020, Congress enacted the CARES Act, which provides for the following four new, limited duration, entitlement programs:

- 1 -- Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC)
- 2 -- Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC)
- 3 --Federally Reimbursed Waiting Week (FRWW)
- 4 -- Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA)

On March 28, 2020, under delegated authority from Texas Governor Greg Abbott, Agency Executive Director Ed Serna executed an agreement with the US Secretary of Labor to carry out these CARES Act provisions.

FPUC provides an additional \$600 payment on top of other UC payments from the period covering the benefit week ending April 4, 2020, through the benefit week ending July 25, 2020, unless extended.

PEUC provides an additional 13 weeks of UC payments to eligible individuals who exhaust their regular compensation benefits and it expires with the benefit week ending December 26, 2020.

FRWW also expires with the benefit week ending December 26, 2020.

PUA is a disaster UC program for individuals not eligible for regular compensation, EB, or PEUC, including individuals who have exhausted other UC programs. PUA currently provides for 39 weeks of benefits, minus regular compensation and EB, and covers individuals not traditionally covered under UC, including independent contractors and the self-employed. PUA also expires with the benefit week ending December 26, 2020.

Under the CARES Act, FPUC, PEUC, and the FRWW require that a claimant, who receives benefits to which the claimant is not entitled, repay those benefits unless the payment was made to the claimant without fault and such repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience. Current §815.12 contains these waiver and overpayment regulations for the Temporary Emergency Unemployment Compensation (TEUC) program of 2001, and by extension, the Emergency Unemployment Compensation (EUC) program of 2008. However, it does not contain corresponding provisions for the new pandemic programs FPUC, PEUC, and the FRWW.

 To remedy this, §815.12 is amended to be generally applicable to conforming federal extended unemployment compensation programs. By doing so, if Congress were to pass another extended unemployment compensation program in line with previous extension programs, the rule language for waiver and overpayment would not require additional rulemaking. References to TEUC will be replaced with "federal extended unemployment compensation." Subsection 815.12(i) is removed because such a presumption of financial hardship is not generally applicable. Finally, the waiver provisions of §815.12 are amended to reflect the more efficient practice whereby the waiver is automatically considered by the Agency or Commission rather than requiring that the claimant request a waiver in writing.

Without the clarifying emergency rules in place, as currently promulgated, §815.29 contains the rule defining the coordination between Extended Unemployment Compensation and regular

1	compensation as required by P.L. 111 - 205 §3. This section is repealed as it is no longer
2 3	applicable.
4	For convenience and ease of use, new Subchapter G contains rules for the CARES Act, and
5	addresses definitions, coordination of programs, appeals, waivers, overpayments, and fraud:
6	
7	The definitions rules define the CARES Act programs.
8	
9	The coordination rules address the interactions between existing benefit programs and those
10	provided for in the CARES Act. These rules are necessary to provide the order in which each
11	these benefit programs are paid to claimants.
12	
13	The appeals rules address the appellate procedure for CARES Act programs.
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15	The waiver rules address which CARES Act programs are subject to a potential waiver of
16	overpayments.
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18	The overpayment rules address the deduction of CARES Act program benefit payments to

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19 recover previously overpaid benefits to which the claimant is not entitled. 20

-- The fraud rules address fraud penalties and PUA fraud.

PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS WITH COMMENTS AND RESPONSES

(Note: Minor editorial changes are made that do not change the meaning of the rules and, therefore, are not discussed in the Explanation of Individual Provisions.)

SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS TWC adopts the following amendments to Subchapter A:

§815.1. Definitions.

Section 815.1 is amended to add new paragraph (14), which defines "places accessible" as locations in which an employer shall provide required notices to an employee, as provided in the Texas Unemployment Compensation Act (Act), Chapter 208.

New paragraph (14)(A) provides that "places accessible" includes notices containing the required information are to be displayed in a manner reasonably calculated to be encountered by all employees.

New paragraph (14)(B) provides that "places accessible" means an employer must provide the required notice information individually to an employee upon separation from employment. As the notice is provided directly to the individual, the employer has significant flexibility in how this information may be made known. Such information may be provided in a paper format, including by mail or with separation paperwork, email, text, or other means reasonably

calculated to ensure the individual receives the required notification.

1 Existing paragraphs (14) and (15) are renumbered to paragraphs (15) and (16). 2 3 SUBCHAPTER B. BENEFITS, CLAIMS, AND APPEALS 4 TWC adopts the following amendments to Subchapter B: 5 6 §815.12. Waiver of Repayment and Recovery of Temporary Extended Unemployment 7 **Compensation Overpayments.** 8 Section 815.12 is amended as follows: 9 10 Subsections (a) - (h) are amended to change references to Temporary Extended Unemployment 11 Compensation (TEUC) to federal extended unemployment compensation. 12 13 Subsections (b) - (d) are amended to reflect that an overpayment waiver determination will be 14 made by the Agency or the Commission without a written request from a claimant. The decision may be appealed in accordance with Chapter 212 of the Act and under the administrative 15 16 regulations of §§815.16 - 815.18. 17 18 Subsections (i) and (j) are removed and subsection (k) is relettered to subsection (i). New subsection (j) is added to reflect that for the purposes of §815.12, a federal extended 19 20 unemployment compensation program is an unemployment compensation program enacted by Congress that provides additional federally funded benefits. It does not include EB under 21 22 Chapter 815 Subchapter F or Chapter 209 of the Act. 23 24 §815.29. Coordination of Emergency Unemployment Compensation with Regular 25 Compensation. 26 Section 815.29 is repealed as it relates to legislation no longer in effect. 27 28 SUBCHAPTER F. EXTENDED BENEFITS 29 TWC adopts the following amendments to Subchapter F: 30 31 §815.170. State "On" and "Off" Indicator Weeks: Conditional Trigger. 32 Section 815.170 is amended as follows: 33 34 Subsection (a) provides that pursuant to §209.025 of the Act, if full federal funding for EB is 35 available, a week is a state "on" indicator week if: 36 37 --the average rate of total unemployment in Texas (seasonally adjusted), as determined by the 38 US Secretary of Labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data 39 for all states are published before the close of such week equals or exceeds 6.5 percent; and 40 41 --the average rate of total unemployment in Texas (seasonally adjusted), as determined by the 42 US Secretary of Labor, for the three-month period referred to in the preceding paragraph, equals 43 or exceeds 110 percent of such average rate for either, or both, of the corresponding three-month 44 periods ending in the two preceding calendar years. 45

1 2	Subsection (b) states that there is a state "off" indicator for a week if either the requirements of subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) are not satisfied.
3	(a)(1) 51 (a)(2) and not satisfied.
4 5 6	Subsection (c) clarifies that notwithstanding §815.170, any week for which there would otherwise be a state "on" indicator under §209.022 of the Act, shall continue to be such a week and shall not be determined to be a week for which there is a state "off" indicator.
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8 9	Subsection (d) is removed.
10	§815.171. High Unemployment Period: Maximum Total Extended Benefit Amount.
11	Section 815.171 is amended as follows:
12	Section 613.1/1 is afficiated as follows.
13	Subsection (a) addresses periods of high unemployment under a TUR trigger under §815.170(a).
14	If the conditions under §815.170(a) are met, and the average rate of total unemployment equals
15	or exceeds 8 percent, a high unemployment period exists.
16	
17	Subsection (b) provides that with respect to weeks beginning in a high unemployment period, the
18	total extended benefit amount payable to an eligible claimant for the claimant's eligibility period
19	is the lesser of:
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21	80 percent of the total amount of regular compensation payable to the claimant during the
22 23	claimant's benefit year under the Act;
24	20 times the claimant's average weekly benefit amount; or
25	To vinios the community whenly continued with the
26	46 times the claimant's average weekly benefit amount, reduced by the regular compensation
27	paid, during the claimant's benefit year under the Act.
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29	Subsection (c) provides that if the full federal funding for EB provides for an additional extended
30	benefit amount payable to an eligible claimant in excess of that provided for in subsection (b),
31	then that amount shall be the total extended benefit amount.
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33	§815.172. Concurrent Emergency Unemployment Compensation Programs.
34	Section 815.172 is amended to capitalize Extended Benefits.
35	T
36	§815.173. Eligibility Requirements during a Period of 100 Percent Federally Shared
37	Benefits.
38	Section 815.173 is repealed as it relates to legislation no longer in effect.
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40	§815.174. Financing of Extended Benefits.
41	Section 815.174 is amended as follows:
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43	Subsection (a) provides that if full federal funding for EB is available, the provisions of
44	§209.082, Charges to Reimbursing Employer, and §209.083, Charges to Taxed Employer, of the
45	Act shall not apply; however, subsection (b) states that the provisions of §209.084, Charges to

Governmental Employer, and §209.0845, Charges to Indian Tribe, of the Act shall continue to 1 2 apply. 3 4 Subsection (c) is removed. 5 6 **SUBCHAPTER G. CARES ACT PROVISIONS** 7 TWC adopts new Subchapter G: 8 9 §815.180. Definitions. 10 New §815.180 defines the terms for Subchapter G. 11 12 New paragraph (1) defines the CARES Act as the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic 13 Security Act, Public Law 116 - 136; TITLE II--Assistance for American Workers, Families, and 14 Businesses; Subtitle A--Unemployment Insurance Provisions. 15 16 New paragraph (2) defines FPUC as the Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation 17 provisions of §2104 of the CARES Act. 18 New paragraph (3) defines FRWW as the Federally Reimbursed Waiting Week provisions of 19 §2105 of the CARES Act. 20 21 22 New paragraph (4) defines PEUC as the Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation 23 provisions of §2107 of the CARES Act. 24 25 New paragraph (5) defines PUA as the Pandemic Unemployment Assistance provisions of §2102 26 of the CARES Act. 27 §815.181. Coordination of CARES Act Programs. 28 29 New §815.181 describes how CARES Act programs will be integrated into existing benefit 30 programs. 31 32 New subsection (a) provides for the program order in which a claimant can claim benefits. That 33 order is as follows: 34 35 For a claimant who is eligible for regular compensation, including Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) and Unemployment Compensation for Ex-servicemembers 36 (UCX), the following order of payment applies: 37 38 39 -- The claimant must first apply for and receive regular compensation. The amount and duration of these benefits are as defined by the Act; 40 41 42 --if the claimant exhausts regular compensation, the claimant may then be eligible to receive 43 PEUC; 44

Act, the claimant may then be eligible to receive EB;

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--if the claimant exhausts PEUC and the state has "triggered on" to EB under Chapter 209 of the

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--if the State is not "triggered on" to EB or the claimant exhausts EB, the claimant may then be eligible to receive PUA. If the State "triggers on" to EB during the period in which the claimant is collecting PUA and the claimant has not previously exhausted entitlement to EB for the respective benefit year, then the claimant must stop collecting PUA and file for EB; and

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--if the claimant meets the qualifications to receive Trade Readjustment Allowances (TRA), such benefits will be payable after regular compensation, PEUC, and EB if "triggered on", but prior to PUA.

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- New subsection (b) describes that for a claimant who is not eligible for regular compensation, PEUC, EB, or TRA, and who meets the federal requirements, the claimant may be eligible to
- 13 collect PUA.

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- 15 New subsection (c) addresses the additional compensation provided by FPUC. FPUC provides
- 16 for additional compensation to a claimant collecting regular compensation, PEUC, PUA, EB, a
- 17 Shared Work program under Chapter 215 of the Act, TRA, and Disaster Unemployment
- 18 Assistance (DUA). Claimants will receive FPUC payments concurrently with the respective
- 19 underlying program for which the claimant is eligible. This applies for the benefit week ending
- April 4, 2020, through the benefit week ending July 25, 2020 unless subsequently amended by
- 21 federal law.

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§815.182. Appeals

New §815.182 specifies the appeals process for CARES Act programs.

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- New subsection (a) states a claimant may appeal an adverse FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, or PUA
- 27 determination pursuant to the provisions and timeframes of Chapter 212 of the Act and the
- provisions set out in §815.16 of this chapter (relating to Appeals to Appeal Tribunals from
- 29 Determinations), §815.17 of this chapter (relating to Appeals to the Commission from
- Decisions), and §815.18 of this chapter (relating to General Rules for Both Appeal Stages).

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- New subsection (b) clarifies an employer is not a "party of interest," pursuant to §815.15(c), to a FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, or PUA determination and therefore does not have appeal rights. An
- FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, or PUA determination and therefore does not have appeal rights.
 employer may appear at a FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, or PUA hearing to offer evidence.

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- New subsection (c) relates to FPUC. It specifies that, when considering an appeal involving
- FPUC, the Appeal Tribunal and Commission shall look to the merits of the denial of the
- underlying benefit when determining eligibility for FPUC payments.

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§815.183. Waiver

New §815.183 lays out which CARES Act programs are subject to a potential waiver of overpayments.

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New subsection (a) states FPUC, the FRWW, and PEUC are federal extended unemployment compensation programs and therefore subject to §815.12.

- New subsection (b) clarifies that PUA, as provided by P.L. 116 136 §2102, is related to 1
- 2 Disaster Unemployment Assistance programs regulated under Title 20, Part 625, Code of Federal
- 3 Regulations. Therefore, PUA does not constitute a federal extended unemployment
- 4 compensation program and the waiver provisions of §815.12 do not apply.

5 6

§815.184. Overpayments

7 New §815.184 explains how CARES Act program overpayments will be administered.

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- 9 New subsection (a) states that unless a FPUC, FRWW, or PEUC overpayment is otherwise
- 10 recovered, or is waived, the Agency shall, during the three-year period after the date the claimant
- received the payment of FPUC, FRWW, or PEUC to which the claimant was not entitled, 11
- 12 recover the overpayment by deductions from any sums payable to the claimant. No single
- 13 deduction may exceed 50 percent of the amount otherwise payable to the claimant.

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- 15 New subsection (b) states that unless a PUA overpayment is otherwise recovered, the Agency
- shall recover the overpayment by deductions from any sums payable to the claimant. A PUA 16
- 17 overpayment may not be waived per §815.183(b) and is not subject to the three-year period
- 18 limitation stated in §815.184(a). No single deduction may exceed 50 percent of the amount
- 19 otherwise payable to the claimant.

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- 21 New subsection (c) states that if a claimant has an unemployment benefits overpayment with an
- 22 appropriate agency in another state, and the Agency has a reciprocal arrangement with that other
- 23 state agency under §211.004 of the Act, the Agency shall deduct 50 percent per each single
- 24 deduction of the amount of FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, or PUA otherwise payable to the claimant.

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§815.185. Fraud

New §815.185 explains how certain instances of fraud will be handled by the Agency.

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- New subsection (a) states a penalty for fraudulently obtaining benefits under §214.003 of the Act
- shall not apply to fraudulently obtained FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, and PUA benefits forfeited. 30

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- 32 New subsection (b) pertains to FPUC and clarifies that the Agency and the Commission shall
- 33 examine the underlying payment or statement that precipitated the fraud determination when
- 34 examining FPUC fraud.

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- 36 New subsection (c) states that under PUA, the Agency will apply the provisions of 20 C.F.R.
- §625.14(i) when determining disqualification for fraud. 37

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Comments and Agency responses:

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- 41 One comment was received on August 28, 2020, during the public comment period, from
- 42 William Grigg on behalf of Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc. The following is a summary of the
- 43 comment and the corresponding agency response:

- Comment: The Commenter stated four areas of support for the proposed
- rulemaking. These comments in support include: the proposed amendments to 46

Chapter 815 Subchapter B appropriately respond to future federal unemployment compensation programs, automatically considering waiver of overpayments will protect low-income Texans, and the proposed new Chapter 815 Subchapter G will provide workers with clarity. Additionally, the Commenter supported amending Chapter 815 Subchapter F to apply when full federal funding exists rather than it being tied to a specific funding source.

1 2

The Commenter also expressed opposition to two provisions of the proposed rules. First, the Commenter expressed concern over removing the presumption of financial hardship in §815.12(i) as it relates to the PEUC, or similar, program. The concern is that fewer workers will receive the presumption even though they have been unemployed for an extended period of time. The Commenter also stated without supporting evidence that the proposed rule could lead to an increase in waiver denials and appeals. The Commenter suggested amending the rule to presume a financial hardship if the claimant has been unemployed for an extended period of time, which the Commenter has defined as 26 weeks. It is also suggested the presumption apply to fully federally funded Extended Benefits (EB).

Second, the Commenter stated that the proposed amendments to §815.171 would reduce the amount of benefits received during a High Unemployment Period (HUP). The concern is that claimants who receive additional EB during a HUP have little opportunity for employment and that the proposed rules will suffer a reduction in available benefits.

Response: The Agency appreciates the Commenter's comments and support of certain portions of the proposed rules.

When considering a waiver for an eligible federal benefits program, the Agency is required to take into account whether the claimant was without fault for the payment, and if repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience. When examining the latter, whether the overpayment would result in financial hardship is one of three factors the Agency considers. This means this factor is not solely dispositive in determining whether a waiver should be granted.

As stated in Part I, the Agency's goal is to make §815.12 generally applicable and potentially adaptable to any current and future federal extended unemployment compensation program which Congress may authorize. Part of making these rules generally applicable requires incorporating flexibility for the different programs involved and other situations that may arise.

The proposed solution of presuming financial hardship after 26 weeks of regular state unemployment benefits is problematic. Under Texas Unemployment Compensation Act (Act), 26 weeks is the maximum amount of allowable benefit weeks for a regular state claim. (See Texas Labor Code, §207.005.)

However, some regular claims provide for as few as 10 weeks of benefits before transitioning to PEUC. Claims will also have varying weekly benefit amounts based upon wage credits. Therefore, while the number of benefit weeks received may be relevant when determining financial hardship, it may not always be dispositive in every situation. Furthermore, the current situation created by COVID-19 may not be applicable to a future situation where federal extended unemployment compensation is available. As a result, the agency believes the current proposed wording of §815.12 best provides for the general applicability sought by these rules and declines to make changes.

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The Commenter also references §815.12(i) in relation to EB under the Act. The waiver provisions of §815.12 are not applicable to EB under the Act as there is no waiver for EB available under state law or required by federal law. Therefore, the Agency also declines to make changes in accordance with these comments in opposition.

 Second, the Commenter expressed concerns that the proposed amendments to §815.171 would reduce the amount of benefits received during a HUP. TWC respectfully disagrees. HUP is not a separate benefit program from EB, but rather an augmentation of EB when total unemployment equals or exceeds 8 percent. If a regular EB period is triggered "on," the maximum total EB amount payable to a claimant is 50 percent of the total amount of benefits payable to the claimant under the Act in his or her benefit year. (See Texas Labor Code, §209.062. See also P.L. 91 - 373(b)(1); 20 C.F.R. §615.7(b)(1).)

However, during a HUP, this amount increases to 80 percent of the total amount of benefits payable to the claimant under the Act in their benefit year. Therefore, this would result in an increase in the EB payable to claimants during a HUP. Section 815.171 will be administered in the same fashion as it was previously; however, it will no longer be tethered to a specific federal funding source. Administration of a HUP in this fashion is also not only consistent with, but required by, federal law. (See P.L. 91 - 373(b)(3); 20 C.F.R. §615.7(b)(3).)

For these reasons, no changes have been made in response to these comments in opposition.

TWC hereby certifies that the rules have been reviewed by legal counsel and found to be within the TWC's legal authority to adopt.

The rules are adopted under Texas Labor Code §301.0015(a)(6) which provides TWC with the authority to adopt, amend, or repeal such rules as it deems necessary for the effective administration of TWC services and activities.

The adopted rules affect Texas Labor Code, Title 4.

1 2		C	HAPTER 815. UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE
3	SUBCHAPTER A.	GEN	NERAL PROVISIONS
4			
5	§815.1. Defi	nition	S.
6	The follo	wing	words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following
7	meanings	s, unle	ess the statute or context in which the word or phrase is used clearly
8	indicates	other	wise.
9	(1)	Act-	-The Texas Unemployment Compensation Act, Texas Labor Code
0		Ann	otated, Title 4, Subtitle A, as amended.
1			
12	(2)	Add	itional claimA notice of new unemployment filed at the beginning of a
13			nd or subsequent series of claims within a benefit year or within a period
4 5			igibility when a break of one week or more has occurred in the claim
			es with intervening employment. The employer named on an additional
6			m will have 14 days from the date notice of the claim is mailed to reply to
17			notice. The additional claim reopens a claim series and is not a payable
8		clain	n since it is not a claim for seven days of compensable unemployment.
9	(2)	۸.1.	
20	(3)		quate notification—A notification of adverse facts, including any
21			equent notification, affecting a claim for benefits, as provided in the Act, pter 208.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27		Ciiaj	JC1 208.
23		(A)	Notification to the Commission is adequate as long as the employer or its
25		(11)	agent gives a reason, supported by facts, directly related to the allegation
26			raised regarding the claimant's right to benefits.
27			
28		(B)	The employer or its agent may demonstrate good cause for failing to
29		` ′	provide adequate notice. Good cause is established solely by showing
30			that the employer or its agent was prevented from providing adequate
31			notification due to compelling circumstances beyond the control of the
32			employer or its agent.
33 34 35			
34		(C)	Examples of adequate notification of adverse facts include, but are not
35			limited to, the following:
36			
37			(i) The claimant was discharged for misconduct connected with his
38			work because he was fighting on the job in violation of written
39 10			company policy.
10 11			(ii) The element should need her ish when she failed to contest her
11 12 13 14			(ii) The claimant abandoned her job when she failed to contact her
+∠ 13			supervisor in violation of written company policy and previous warnings.
1/1			warmigs.

1 2 3 4 5		(D) A notification is not adequate if it provides only a general conclusion without substantiating facts. A general statement that a worker has been discharged for misconduct connected with the work is inadequate. The allegation may be supported by a summary of the events, which may include facts documenting the specific reason for the worker's discharge,
6 7		such as, but not limited to:
8		(i) policies or procedures;
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10		(ii) warnings;
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12		(iii) performance reviews;
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14		(iv) attendance records;
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16		(v) complaints; and
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18		(vi) witness statements.
19		
20	(4)	AgencyThe unit of state government that is presided over by the Commission
21		and under the direction of the executive director, which operates the integrated
22		workforce development system and administers the unemployment
23		compensation insurance program in this state as established under Texas Labor
21 22 23 24 25		Code, Chapter 301. It may also be referred to as the Texas Workforce
25		Commission.
26	, - \	
27	(5)	AppealA submission by a party requesting the Agency or the Commission to
28		review a determination or decision that is adverse to that party. The
29		determination or decision must be appealable and pertain to entitlement to
30		unemployment benefits; chargeback as provided in the Act, Chapter 204,
31		Chapter 208, and Chapter 212; fraud as provided in the Act, Chapter 214; tax
32		coverage or contributions or reimbursements. This definition does not grant
33		rights to a party.
34 35	(6)	December 1 with a second to a similar ideal. The Cont form a second in second at
35	(6)	Base period with respect to an individualThe first four consecutive completed
36 27		calendar quarters within the last five completed calendar quarters immediately
37		preceding the first day of the individual's benefit year, or any other alternate
38 39		base period as allowed by the Act.
	(7)	Panafit pariod. The pariod of seven consequitive colonder days, anding at
40 41	(7)	Benefit periodThe period of seven consecutive calendar days, ending at
		midnight on Saturday, with respect to which entitlement to benefits is claimed,
42 43		measured, computed, or determined.
43 44	(8)	Benefit wage creditsWages used to determine an individual's monetary
44 45	(0)	eligibility for benefits. Benefit wage credits consist of those wages an
+5 46		individual received for employment from an employer during the individual's

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base period as well as any wages ordered to be paid to an individual by a final Commission order, pursuant to its authority under Texas Labor Code, Chapter 61. Benefit wage credits awarded by a final Commission order that were due to be paid to the individual by an employer during the individual's base period shall be credited to the quarter in which the wages were originally due to be paid.

- (9) Board--Local Workforce Development Board created pursuant to Texas Government Code §2308.253 and certified by the Governor pursuant to Texas Government Code §2308.261. This includes a Board when functioning as the Local Workforce Investment Board as described in the Workforce Investment Act §117 (29 U.S.C.A. §2832), including those functions required of a Youth Council, as provided for under the Workforce Investment Act §117(i) (also referred to as an LWDB).
- (10) Commission--The three-member body of governance composed of Governor-appointed members in which there is one representative of labor, one representative of employers, and one representative of the public as established in Texas Labor Code §301.002, which includes the three-member governing body acting under the Act, Chapter 212, Subchapter D, and in Agency hearings involving unemployment insurance issues regarding tax coverage, contributions or reimbursements.
- (11) Day--A calendar day.
- (12) Landman--An individual who is qualified to do field work in the purchasing of right-of-way and leases of mineral interests, record searches, and related real property title determinations, and who is primarily engaged in performing the field work.
- (13) Person--May include a corporation, organization, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, and any other legal entity.
- (14) Places accessible--Locations in which an employer shall provide required notices to an employee as provided in the Act, Chapter 208. This includes:
 - (A) Notices providing general information about filing a claim for unemployment benefits shall be displayed in a manner reasonably calculated to be encountered by all employees; and
 - (B) Upon separation from employment, an employer shall provide an employee individual notice of general information about filing a claim for unemployment benefits as set out in the printed notice referenced in §208.001(b) of the Act. As the notice is provided directly to the

1	individual, the employer has significant flexibility in how this
2	information may be made known. Such information may be provided:
3	
4	(i) in a paper format, including by mail or with separation paperwork;
5	
6	(ii) by email;
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8	(iii) by text; or
9	
10	(iv) by other means reasonably calculated to ensure the individual
11	receives the required notification.
12	
13	(14 <u>15</u>) Reopened claimThe first claim filed following a break in claim series
14	during a benefit year which was caused by other than intervening employment,
15	i.e., illness, disqualification, unavailability, or failure to report for any reason
16	other than job attachment. The reopened claim reopens a claim series and is
17	not a payable claim since it is not a claim for seven days of compensable
18	unemployment.
19 20	(1516) WeekA period of seven consecutive calendar days ending at midnight on
21	Saturday.
22	Saturday.
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	SURCHAPTER R RENEFITS CLAIMS AND APPEALS
24	SUBCHAPTER B. BENEFITS, CLAIMS, AND APPEALS
	SUBCHAPTER B. BENEFITS, CLAIMS, AND APPEALS
24	SUBCHAPTER B. BENEFITS, CLAIMS, AND APPEALS §815.12. Waiver of Repayment and Recovery of Federal Extended Unemployment
24 25	
24 25 26 27	§815.12. Waiver of Repayment and Recovery of <u>Federal Extended Unemployment</u> <u>Compensation Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation</u> Overpayments.
24 25 26 27 28	§815.12. Waiver of Repayment and Recovery of <u>Federal Extended Unemployment</u> <u>Compensation Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation</u> Overpayments. (a) <u>When conforming with an applicable federal extended unemployment compensation</u>
24 25 26 27 28 29	§815.12. Waiver of Repayment and Recovery of Federal Extended Unemployment Compensation Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Overpayments. (a) When conforming with an applicable federal extended unemployment compensation program, Tthis section implements the Temporary Extended Unemployment
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	§815.12. Waiver of Repayment and Recovery of Federal Extended Unemployment Compensation Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Overpayments. (a) When conforming with an applicable federal extended unemployment compensation program, Tthis section implements the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation (TEUC) waiver of repayment requirements program by setting out the
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24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 \$815.12. Waiver of Repayment and Recovery of Federal Extended Unemployment Compensation Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Overpayments. (a) When conforming with an applicable federal extended unemployment compensation program, Tthis section implements the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation (TEUC) waiver of repayment requirements program by setting out the process that the Agency and Commission shall use to determine whether to waive the repayment and recovery of non-fraudulent overpaymentsThe terms repayment and recovery will be referred to as repayment in this section, and Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensationthe federal extended unemployment compensation overpayment will be referred to as overpayment. (b) When a decision of the Agency or Commission results in an federal extended unemployment compensation overpayment, the Agency or Commission will also determine whether the overpayment will be waived an appealable determination and a request for waiver of repayment of an overpayment are mailed to the claimant. (c) A claimant may appeal the underlying issue that created thean overpayment
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	 \$815.12. Waiver of Repayment and Recovery of Federal Extended Unemployment Compensation Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Overpayments. (a) When conforming with an applicable federal extended unemployment compensation program, Tthis section implements the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation (TEUC) waiver of repayment requirements program by setting out the process that the Agency and Commission shall use to determine whether to waive the repayment and recovery of non-fraudulent overpayments. The terms repayment and recovery will be referred to as repayment in this section, and Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensationthe federal extended unemployment compensation overpayment. (b) When a decision of the Agency or Commission results in an federal extended unemployment compensation overpayment, the Agency or Commission will also determine whether the overpayment will be waived an appealable determination and a request for waiver of repayment of an overpayment are mailed to the claimant.

2			Both Appeal Stages).
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	(d)	over clain with notif	aimant may also appeal a denial of a request to waive the repayment of an payment in the same manner as stated in subsection (c) of this section. A nant's written request for waiver of repayment of an overpayment must be filed in 14 days of the date a request to waive the repayment of an overpayment recation is mailed by the Agency. The waiver request must be filed in redance with §815.16(1)(A) of this chapter (relating to Appeals to Appeal unals from Determinations) or mailed to the address on the request form.
10 11	(e)		Agency or Commission will deny a request to waive the repayment of a non- dulent overpayment if it determines that:
12 13		(1)	the payment of TEUC the federal extended unemployment compensation benefits is the fault of the claimant, or
14		(2)	the repayment is not contrary to equity and good conscience.
15 16	(f)		Agency or Commission will waive the repayment of a non-fraudulent payment if it determines that:
17 18		(1)	the payment of TEUC the federal extended unemployment compensation benefits is not the fault of the claimant, and
19		(2)	the repayment is contrary to equity and good conscience.
20 21	(g)		etermining whether fault exists, the Agency or Commission shall consider the wing:
22 23 24 25 26		(1)	whether a material statement or representation was made by the claimant in connection with the application for the federal extended unemployment compensation TEUC that resulted in an overpayment, and whether the claimant knew or should have known that the statement or representation was inaccurate;
27 28 29 30		(2)	whether the claimant failed or caused another to fail to disclose a material fact, in connection with an application for the federal extended unemployment compensation TEUC that resulted in an overpayment, and whether the claimant knew or should have known that the fact was material;
31 32 33		(3)	whether the claimant knew or could have been expected to know that the claimant was not entitled to the federal extended unemployment compensation the TEUC payment; and
34 35		(4)	whether, for any other reason, the overpayment resulted directly or indirectly, and partially or totally, from any act or omission of the claimant or of which

1 2	the claimant had knowledge, and which was erroneous or inaccurate or otherwise wrong.
3 4	(h) In determining whether equity and good conscience exists, the Agency or Commission shall consider the following factors:
5	(1) whether the overpayment is the result of a decision on appeal;
6 7 8 9	(2) whether the Agency gave notice to the claimant that the claimant may be required to repay the overpayment in the event of a reversal of the federal extended unemployment compensation a TEUC eligibility determination on appeal; and
10 11	(3) whether repayment of the federal extended unemployment compensation the TEUC overpayment will cause financial hardship to the claimant.
12 13 14 15	(i) The Commission has determined that requiring the claimant to repay a TEUC overpayment will cause financial hardship to the claimant, because in order to receive TEUC benefits, the claimant had to have been unemployed for an extended period of time.
16 17	(j) A claimant may appeal a denial of a request to waive the repayment of an overpayment pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(ki) Hearings under this Section section will be conducted in a fair and impartial manner in accordance with the provisions of §815.15 of this chapter (relating to Parties with Appeal Rights), §815.16 of this chapter (relating to Appeals to Appeal Tribunals from Determinations), §815.17 of this chapter (relating to Appeals to the Commission from Decisions), and §815.18 of this chapter (relating to General Rules for Both Appeal Stages), except to the extent that the sections are clearly inapplicable.
25 26 27 28 29	(j) For the purposes of this section, a federal extended unemployment compensation program is an unemployment compensation program enacted by Congress that provides additional federally funded benefits. It does not include Extended Benefits under Subchapter F of this chapter or Chapter 209 of the Act.
30 31	§815.29. Coordination of Emergency Unemployment Compensation with Regular Compensation.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(a) The Commission shall establish a new benefit year, but defer the payment of regular compensation with respect to that new benefit year until exhaustion of all emergency unemployment compensation payable with respect to the prior benefit year if the individual's weekly benefit amount of regular compensation in the new benefit year is at least \$100 or 25 percent less than the individual's weekly benefit amount in the immediately preceding benefit year.
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 (b) This section continues in effect as long as the provisions of P.L. 111-205 §3, or any amendments thereto, remain in effect. At such time that these federal provisions are no longer in effect, this section is repealed. SUBCHAPTER F. EXTENDED BENEFITS §815.170. State "On" and "Off" Indicator Weeks: Conditional Trigger.
9 10	(a) Pursuant to §209.025 of the Act, if full federal funding for Extended Benefits is available, a week is a state "on" indicator week if:
11 12 13 14	(1) the average rate of total unemployment in Texas (seasonally adjusted), as determined by the US Secretary of Labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of such week equals or exceeds 6.5 percent; and
15 16 17 18 19	(2) the average rate of total unemployment in Texas (seasonally adjusted), as determined by the US Secretary of Labor, for the three-month period referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection, equals or exceeds 110 percent of such average rate for either, or both, of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the two preceding calendar years.
20 21	(b) There is a state "off" indicator for a week if either the requirements of subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section are not satisfied.
22 23 24	(c) Notwithstanding this section, any week for which there would otherwise be a state "on" indicator under §209.022 of the Act, shall continue to be such a week and shall not be determined to be a week for which there is a state "off" indicator.
25 26 27	(a) In addition to the state "on" indicator provisions for extended benefits in the Act, and with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning on or after February 17, 2009, a week is a state "on" indicator week if:
28 29 30 31	(1) the average rate of total unemployment in Texas (seasonally adjusted), as determined by the U.S. Secretary of Labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of such week equals or exceeds 6.5 percent; and
32 33 34 35 36	(2) the average rate of total unemployment in Texas (seasonally adjusted), as determined by the U.S. Secretary of Labor, for the three-month period referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection, equals or exceeds 110 percent of such average for either or both of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the two preceding calendar years.
37 38	(b) With respect to compensation for weeks of unemployment beginning after the date of enactment of Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job

1 2	Creation Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-312) and ending on or before the date established in federal law permitting this provision, a week is a state "on" indicator week if:
3 4 5 6	(1) the average rate of total unemployment in Texas (seasonally adjusted), as determined by the U.S. Secretary of Labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of such week equals or exceeds 6.5 percent; and
7 8 9 10 11	-(2) the average rate of total unemployment in Texas (seasonally adjusted), as determined by the U.S. Secretary of Labor, for the three month period referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection, equals or exceeds 110 percent of such average for any or all of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the three preceding calendar years.
12 13 14 15	(c) In addition to the state "off" indicator provisions for extended benefits in the Act, there is a state "off" indicator for only a week if, for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks, none of the options specified in subsection (a) or (b) of this section result in an "on" indicator.
16 17 18	(d) This section continues in effect until the week ending four weeks prior to the last week of unemployment for which 100 percent federal sharing is available under P.L. 111-5, Division B, Title II, §2005(a), without regard to the extension of federal
19	sharing for certain claims as provided under §2005(c) of such law.
19	sharing for certain claims as provided under §2005(c) of such law.
19 20 21 22	 \$815.171. High Unemployment Period: Maximum Total Extended Benefit Amount. (a) If the conditions under §815.170(a) of this subchapter are met, and the average rate of total unemployment equals or exceeds 8 percent, a high unemployment period
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 \$815.171. High Unemployment Period: Maximum Total Extended Benefit Amount. (a) If the conditions under §815.170(a) of this subchapter are met, and the average rate of total unemployment equals or exceeds 8 percent, a high unemployment period shall exist. (b) Effective with respect to weeks beginning in a high unemployment period, the total extended benefit amount payable to an eligible claimant for the claimant's eligibility
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 \$815.171. High Unemployment Period: Maximum Total Extended Benefit Amount. (a) If the conditions under \$815.170(a) of this subchapter are met, and the average rate of total unemployment equals or exceeds 8 percent, a high unemployment period shall exist. (b) Effective with respect to weeks beginning in a high unemployment period, the total extended benefit amount payable to an eligible claimant for the claimant's eligibility period is the lesser of: (1) 80 percent of the total amount of regular compensation payable to the claimant
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 sharing for certain claims as provided under §2005(c) of such law. §815.171. High Unemployment Period: Maximum Total Extended Benefit Amount. (a) If the conditions under §815.170(a) of this subchapter are met, and the average rate of total unemployment equals or exceeds 8 percent, a high unemployment period shall exist. (b) Effective with respect to weeks beginning in a high unemployment period, the total extended benefit amount payable to an eligible claimant for the claimant's eligibility period is the lesser of: (1) 80 percent of the total amount of regular compensation payable to the claimant during the claimant's benefit year under the Act;

1 2 3	(a) If the conditions under §815.170(a) or (b) of this subchapter are met except that the average rate of total unemployment equals or exceeds 8 percent, a high unemployment period shall exist.
4 5 6 7	(b) Effective with respect to weeks beginning in a high unemployment period, the total extended benefit amount payable to an eligible individual for the individual's eligibility period is 80 percent of the total amount of regular benefits that were payable to the individual under the Act in the individual's benefit year.
8	(c) This section applies as long as §815.170 of this subchapter is in effect.
9	§815.172. Concurrent Emergency Unemployment Compensation Programs.
10 11 12 13	The Agency may pay unemployment compensation benefits under other emergency unemployment compensation programs that may be in effect prior to paying extended Extended benefits Benefits under this subchapter.
14 15	§815.173. Eligibility Requirements during a Period of 100 Percent Federally Shared Benefits.
16 17 18	(a) Notwithstanding other eligibility provisions for extended benefits in the Act, an individual's eligibility period shall include any eligibility period provided for in P.L 111-5, Division B, Title II, §2005(b).
19	(b) This section applies as long as §815.170 of this subchapter is in effect.
20	§815.174. Financing of Extended Benefits.
21 22 23	(a) Pursuant to §209.025 of the Act, if full federal funding for Extended Benefits is available, the provisions of §209.082, Charges to Reimbursing Employer, and §209.083, Charges to Taxed Employer, of the Act shall not apply.
24 25	(b) The provisions of §209.084, Charges to Governmental Employer, and §209.0845, Charges to Indian Tribe, of the Act shall continue to apply.
26 27 28	(a) If there is 100 percent federal sharing for extended benefits pursuant to P.L. 111-5, Division B, Title II, §2005, the provisions of Subchapter E, Chapter 209 of the Act relating to taxed employers shall not apply.
29 30	(b) The provisions of §209.084, regarding Charges to Governmental Employer, and §209.0845, regarding Charges to Indian Tribe, of the Act shall continue to apply.
31	(c) This section applies as long as §815.170 of this subchapter is in effect.

cowing definitions shall apply to this subchapter: CARES Actrefers to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116 - 136; TITLE IIAssistance for American Workers, Families, and Businesses; Subtitle AUnemployment Insurance Provisions. FPUCrefers to the Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation provisions of §2104 of the CARES Act. FRWWrefers to the Federally Reimbursed Waiting Week provisions of §2105 of the CARES Act. PEUCrefers to the Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation provisions of §2107 of the CARES Act.
CARES Actrefers to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116 - 136; TITLE IIAssistance for American Workers, Families, and Businesses; Subtitle AUnemployment Insurance Provisions. FPUCrefers to the Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation provisions of §2104 of the CARES Act. FRWWrefers to the Federally Reimbursed Waiting Week provisions of §2105 of the CARES Act. PEUCrefers to the Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation
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§2105 of the CARES Act. PEUCrefers to the Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation
PUArefers to the Pandemic Unemployment Assistance provisions of §2102 of the CARES Act.
oordination of Emergency Unemployment Compensation CARES Act ns with Regular Compensation.
a claimant who is eligible for regular compensation, including Unemployment
pensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) and Unemployment Compensation x-servicemembers (UCX), the following order of payment applies:
The claimant must first apply for and receive regular compensation. The amount and duration of these benefits are as defined by the Act;
if the claimant exhausts regular compensation, the claimant may then be eligible to receive PEUC;
if the claimant exhausts PEUC and the state has "triggered on" to Extended Benefits (EB) under Chapter 209 of the Act, the claimant may then be eligible to receive EB;
to receive EB,

1 (5) if the claimant meets the qualifications to receive Trade Readjustment 2 Allowances (TRA), such benefits will be payable after regular compensation, 3 PEUC, and EB if "triggered on", but prior to PUA. 4 (b) For a claimant who is not eligible for regular compensation, PEUC, EB, or TRA, 5 and who meets the federal requirements, the claimant may be eligible to collect 6 PUA. 7 (c) FPUC provides for additional compensation to a claimant collecting regular 8 compensation, PEUC, PUA, EB, a Shared Work program under Chapter 215 of the 9 Act, TRA, and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). Claimants will receive 10 FPUC payments concurrently with payments under these programs. This applies for 11 the benefit week ending April 4, 2020 through the benefit week ending July 25, 2020 12 unless subsequently amended by federal law. 13 (a) The Commission shall establish a new benefit year, but defer the payment of regular 14 compensation with respect to that new benefit year until exhaustion of all emergency 15 unemployment compensation payable with respect to the prior benefit year if the 16 individual's weekly benefit amount of regular compensation in the new benefit year 17 is at least \$100 or 25 percent less than the individual's weekly benefit amount in the 18 immediately preceding benefit year. 19 20 (b) This section continues in effect as long as the provisions of P.L. 111 205 §3, or any 21 amendments thereto, remain in effect. At such time that these federal provisions are 22 no longer in effect, this section is repealed. 23 24 **§815.182. Title**Appeals. 25 26 27 (a) A claimant may appeal an adverse FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, or PUA determination 28 pursuant to the provisions and timeframes of Chapter 212 of the Act and the 29 provisions set out in §815.16 of this chapter (relating to Appeals to Appeal Tribunals 30 from Determinations), §815.17 of this chapter (relating to Appeals to the 31 Commission from Decisions), and §815.18 of this chapter (relating to General Rules 32 for Both Appeal Stages). (b) An employer is not a "party of interest", pursuant to §815.15(c) of this chapter 33 (relating to Parties with Appeal Rights), to a FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, or PUA 34 determination and therefore does not have appeal rights. An employer may appear at 35 36 a FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, or PUA hearing to offer evidence when appropriate. 37 38 (c) When considering an appeal involving FPUC, the Appeal Tribunal and Commission 39 shall look to the merits of the denial of the underlying benefit when determining 40 eligibility for FPUC payments. 41

§815.183. Waiver.

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1 2 3 4	(a) FPUC, the FRWW, and PEUC are federal extended unemployment compensation programs and therefore subject to §815.12 of this chapter (relating to Waiver of Repayment and Recovery of Federal Extended Unemployment Compensation Overpayments).
5 6 7 8 9	(b) PUA, as provided by P.L. 116 - 136 §2102, is related to Disaster Unemployment Assistance programs regulated under Title 20, Part 625, Code of Federal Regulations. Therefore, PUA does not constitute a federal extended unemployment compensation program and the waiver provisions of §815.12 of this chapter do not apply.
11	§815.1834. TitleOverpayments.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) Unless a FPUC, FRWW, or PEUC overpayment is otherwise recovered, or is waived, the Agency shall, during the three-year period after the date the claimant received the payment of FPUC, FRWW, or PEUC to which the claimant was not entitled, recover the overpayment by deductions from any sums payable to the claimant. No single deduction may exceed 50 percent of the amount otherwise payable to the claimant.
19 20 21 22 23	(b) Unless a PUA overpayment is otherwise recovered, the Agency shall recover the overpayment by deductions from any sums payable to the claimant. A PUA overpayment may not be waived per §815.183(b) of this chapter and is not subject to the three-year period limitation stated in subsection(a) of this section. No single deduction may exceed 50 percent of the amount otherwise payable to the claimant.
24 25 26 27 28 29	(c) If a claimant has an unemployment benefits overpayment with an appropriate agency in another state, and the Agency has a reciprocal arrangement with that other state agency under §211.004 of the Act, the Agency shall deduct 50 percent per each single deduction of the amount of FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, or PUA otherwise payable to the claimant.
30	<u>§815.185. Fraud.</u>
31 32 33	(a) A penalty for fraudulently obtaining benefits under §214.003 of the Act shall not apply to fraudulently obtained FPUC, FRWW, PEUC, and PUA benefits forfeited.
34 35 36	(b) The Agency and the Commission shall examine the underlying payment or statemen which precipitated the fraud determination when examining FPUC fraud.
37 38 39	(c) In determining disqualification for fraud under PUA, the provisions of 20 C.F.R. §625.14(i) shall apply.
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